

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1.-25. (Canceled)

26. **(Currently Amended)** A method for determining, in a mammal, the susceptibility to a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation, for determining, in a mammal, the risk of developing a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation, for screening of the clearance of β -amyloid deposition in a mammal, and/or for predicting the level of β -amyloid burden in a mammal, said method comprising:

- (a) determining, in a first sample obtained from said mammal, the amount of N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant, ~~the amount of N-terminal APP soluble fragment, or the amount of antibody specific for said β -amyloid variant or said APP soluble fragment;~~
- (b) comparing the amount determined in step (a) with the amount of said N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant, ~~the amount of N-terminal APP soluble fragment, or the amount of antibody specific for said β -amyloid variant or said APP soluble fragment in a second sample obtained from a control mammal;~~
- (c) concluding, from the comparison in step (b), whether the mammal is susceptible to a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation, or whether the mammal is at risk of developing a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation, whether the β -amyloid deposition in the mammal is cleared, or what the level of β -amyloid burden is in said mammal.

27. (Cancelled)

28. (Cancelled)

29. **(Currently amended)** The method of claim 26 comprising:

- (a) determining in the first sample, the amount of N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant ~~or the amount of N-terminal APP soluble fragment;~~

- (b) comparing the amount determined in step (a) with the amount of N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant ~~or the amount of N-terminal APP soluble fragment~~, in the second sample;
- (c) concluding, from the comparison of step (b), whether the mammal is susceptible to a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation, whether the mammal is at risk of developing a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation, whether the β -amyloid deposition in the mammal is cleared, and/or what the level of β -amyloid burden is in the mammal.

30. **(Currently amended)** The method of claim 29 for predicting the level of β -amyloid burden in a mammal, the method further comprising:

- (a) administering to said mammal a composition for eliciting an immune response or a therapeutic composition comprising an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translational modified A β peptide, ~~comprising an antibody that specifically recognizes an N-terminal truncated and/or post translationally modified A β peptide, or comprising a nucleic acid preparation encoding an N-terminal truncated and/or post translational modified A β peptide;~~
- (b) determining in a biological fluid sample obtained from said mammal the amount of N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant;
- (c) comparing the amount determined in step (b) with the amount of N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant in a biological fluid sample obtained from a control mammal;
- (d) concluding, from the comparison in step (c) what the level of β -amyloid burden is in said mammal.

31. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 26 wherein said N-terminal truncated β -amyloid variant starts at position 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 of β -amyloid.

32. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 31 wherein said N-terminal truncated β -amyloid variant starts at position 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, or 10 of β -amyloid.
33. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 32 wherein said N-terminal truncated β -amyloid variant starts at position 3, 4, 5, 8, or 9 of β -amyloid.
34. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 31 wherein said β -amyloid variant is selected from the group consisting of $A\beta(2-42)$, $A\beta(3-42)$, $A\beta(4-42)$, $A\beta(5-42)$, $A\beta(6-42)$, $A\beta(7-42)$, $A\beta(8-42)$, $A\beta(9-42)$ and $A\beta(10-42)$.
35. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 26 wherein the post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant is modified by methylation or pyroglutamylation.
36. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 35 wherein the methylation is present at position 1, 2, 4, or 6 of an N-terminal truncated β -amyloid variant.
37. **(Previously presented)** The method according to claim 35 further characterized in that the pyroglutamylation is present at position 3 of an N-terminal truncated β -amyloid variant starting at position 3 of β -amyloid.
38. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 26 wherein the C-terminal end of said N-terminal APP soluble fragment consists of position 1, 1 to 2, 1 to 3, 1 to 4, 1 to 5, 1 to 6, 1 to 7, 1 to 8, or 1 to 9 of β -amyloid.
39. **(Currently amended)** The method of claim 26 for determining in a mammal, the susceptibility to a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation, or for determining, in a mammal, the risk of developing a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation comprising:
- (a) determining, in a sample obtained from said mammal: the amount of antibody or reactive T-cells specific for an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified $A\beta$ peptide; ~~and/or specific for an N-terminal APP soluble fragment, or a C-terminal fragment thereof;~~

- (b) comparing the amount determined in step (a) with the amount of the antibody or reactive T-cells in a control mammal;
- (c) concluding, from the comparison in step (b), whether the mammal is susceptible to a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation or whether the mammal is at risk of developing a disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation;

wherein an increased amount of antibody or reactive T-cells specific for (i) N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide; and/or (ii) ~~for N-terminal APP-soluble fragment, or for a C-terminal fragment thereof;~~ is an indication that the mammal is susceptible to, or at risk of, developing a disease associated with A β formation and/or aggregation.

- 40. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 26 wherein at least one of the first and second samples is a brain extract sample or a body fluid sample.
- 41. **(Previously presented)** The method 40 wherein the body fluid sample is a blood sample or a cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) sample.
- 42. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 26 wherein the disease associated with β -amyloid formation and/or aggregation is Alzheimer's disease (AD).
- 43. **(Previously presented)** The method of claim 26 wherein the susceptibility to Alzheimer's disease (AD) or the risk of developing AD is determined by detecting A β (5-42) or A β (8-42) in a body fluid sample obtained from the mammal.
- 44. **(Currently amended)** A diagnostic or theranostic kit for use in the method of claim 26 comprising one or more of the following:
 - (a) a preparation of an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide; and
 - (b) ~~a preparation of an N-terminal APP-soluble fragment, or C-terminal fragment thereof;~~
and

~~—(e) one or more antibodies specifically recognizing an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant; or specifically recognizing an N-terminal APP-soluble fragment.~~

45. **(Currently amended)** The kit of 44 comprising an antibody specifically recognizing an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant ~~and/or an antibody specifically recognizing an N-terminal APP-soluble fragment.~~

46. **(Currently amended)** The kit of claim 45 comprising:

- an antibody (primary antibody) which forms an immunological complex with the N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide variant ~~or the N-terminal APP-soluble fragment~~ to be detected;
- an antibody (secondary antibody) which specifically recognizes the N-terminally truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide variant ~~or the N-terminal APP-soluble fragment~~ to be detected;
- a marker either for specific tagging or coupling with said secondary antibody;
- appropriate buffer solution for carrying out the immunological reaction between the primary antibody and the N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide variant ~~or the N-terminal APP-soluble fragment~~, between the secondary antibody and the primary antibody-N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide variant ~~or N-terminal APP-soluble fragment complex~~ and/or between the bound secondary antibody and the marker; and
- optionally, a purified N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide ~~or a purified N-terminal APP-soluble fragment (or a C-terminal fragment thereof).~~

47. **(Previously presented)** The kit of claim 45 that comprises an antibody that specifically recognizes an N-terminal truncated β -amyloid variant starting at position 5, 6, 8, or 9 of β -amyloid.

48. **(Previously presented)** The kit according of claim 45, comprising an antibody that specifically recognizes A β (5-42) or A β (8-42).

49. **(Currently amended)** The kit of claim 45 that comprises a preparation of an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide; ~~or a preparation of an N-terminal APP soluble fragment, or a C-terminal fragment thereof.~~
50. **(Withdrawn)** A method for the preparation of an antibody that specifically recognizes an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variant, the method comprising:
- (a) immunizing an animal with a preparation of an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified A β peptide; or a nucleic acid preparation encoding an N-terminal truncated and/or post-translational modified A β peptide; .
 - (b) obtaining antibodies generated by the immunization in step (a);
 - (c) screening the antibodies obtained in step (b) for their specific recognition of N-terminal truncated and/or post-translationally modified β -amyloid variants.
51. **(Withdrawn)** The method of claim 50 wherein the antibody specifically recognizes an N-terminal truncated β -amyloid variant starting at position 5, 6, 8, or 9 of β -amyloid.
52. **(Withdrawn)** An antibody obtained by the method of claim 50.
53. **(Withdrawn)** A method for the preparation of an antibody that specifically recognizes an N-terminal APP soluble fragment, the method comprising:
- (a) immunizing an animal with a preparation of N-terminal APP soluble fragment, or a C-terminal fragment thereof; or with a nucleic acid preparation encoding an N-terminal APP soluble fragment, or a C-terminal fragment thereof;
 - (b) obtaining the antibodies generated by the immunization in step (a);
 - (c) screening the antibodies obtained in step (b) for their specific recognition of an N-terminal APP soluble fragment.
54. **(Withdrawn)** An antibody obtained by the method of claim 53.